



### **CAP GROUP UPDATE**

Fernando Reitich
President & CEO

Raúl Gamonal CFO

Santiago - June 2014

## Agenda



Company overview

Global industry update

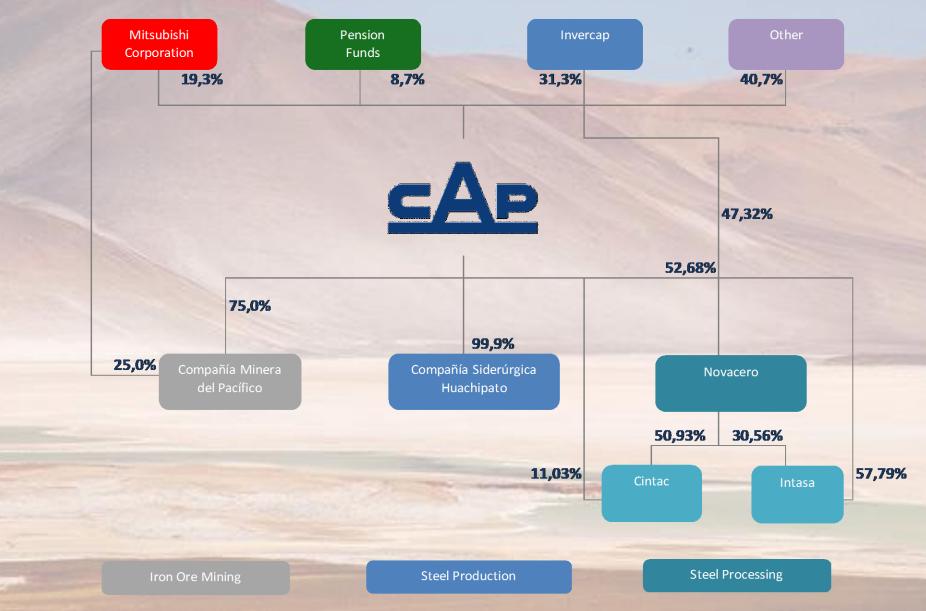
Financial performance

**Future prospects** 

Final remarks

### Ownership structure





Source: CAP, March. 2014

### Integrated operations





### Mining



- Production capacity: 15 Mt/y
- Only large-scale iron ore producer in Chile
- On track to reach 18 million tons production capacity
- 85% exports, mainly to Asia



#### Steel



- Production: 0.7 Mt/y
- Nominal capacity: 1.45 Mt/y
- Focus on grinding media, rebar & wire rod for the domestic market
- 50% of target market





- Production capacity:400 kt/y
- Leading steel processor in Chile
- Regional player: Chile, Peru and Argentina





## Mining sites



CAP Mining has three different areas of operation in the north of Chile, located around the cities of:

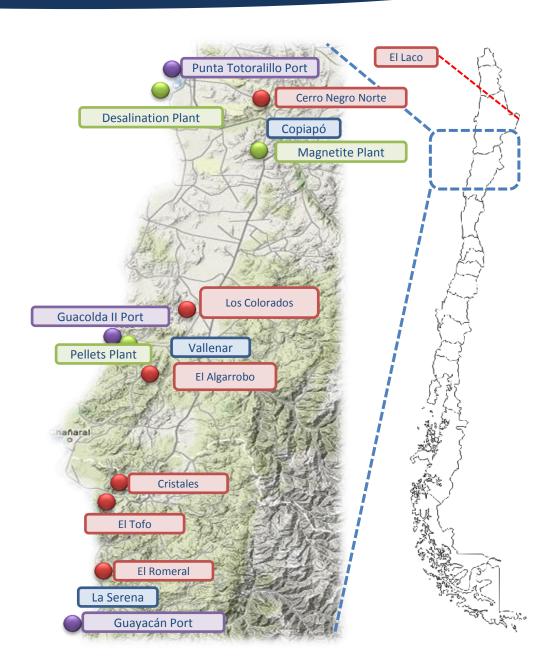
- La Serena
- Vallenar
- Copiapó

**Cities** 

Mines

**Plants** 

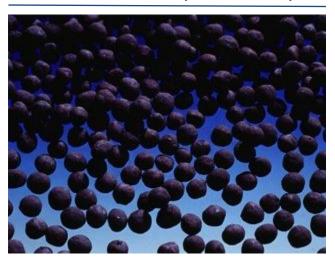
**Ports** 



## Mining products



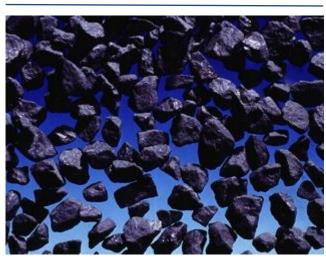
BF and DR Pellets (Fe 65% - 66%)



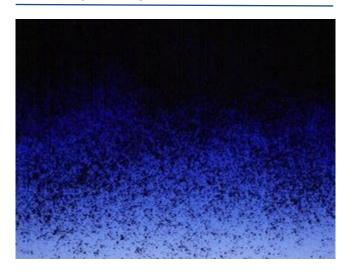
**Pellet Feed (Fe 67% - 68%)** 



Lumps (Fe 62%)



Fines (Fe 62%)



### Mining property



#### Ranking 2013

**Hectares in exploration concessions - Chile** 

	· on prorunding common common		
N°	Company	Hectares	%
1	BHP Chile Inc	1.917.100	11,33
2	Compañía Contractual Minera Los Andes	841.100	4,97
3	САР	677.700	4,01
4	Teck Exploraciones Mineras Chile Ltda	629.700	3,72
5	Antofagasta Minerals S.A.	514.500	3,04
6	Codelco	435.500	2,57

#### Ranking 2013

**Hectares in exploitation concessions - Chile** 

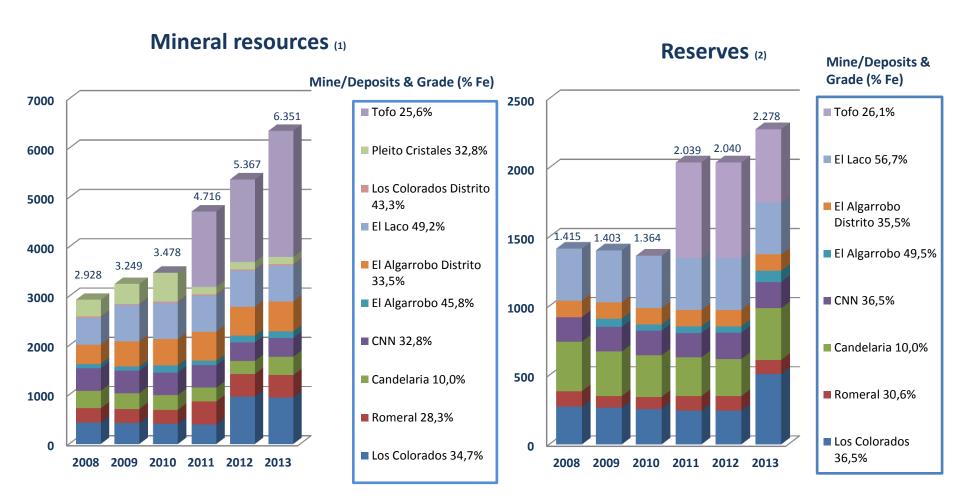
N°	Company	Hectares	%
1	Soquimich S.A.	2.861.157	20,06
2	Codelco	840.704	5,89
3	Minera Escondida Limitada	363.798	2,55
4	SCM Virginia	252.532	1,77
5	Enami	250.847	1,76
6	Antofagasta Minerals S.A.	231.392	1,62
7	CAP	205.788	1,44

- Top 3 position in exploration concessions
- More than 700.000 meters drilled over the period 2008-2013

### Resources and reserves of magnetite ore



As a result of continued successful exploration campaigns, iron ore resources have increased progressively over the years, reaching 6,351 million tons in 2013

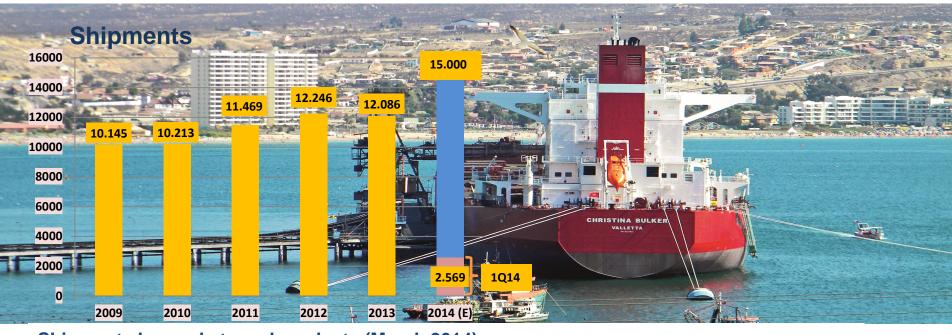


(1) Resources: Minerals measured on a geological ore content feasible of being mined. (2) Reserves: Minerals measured on a geological content feasible of being mined economically. (3) CMP has the contract for processing the tailings of the Candelaria copper mine.

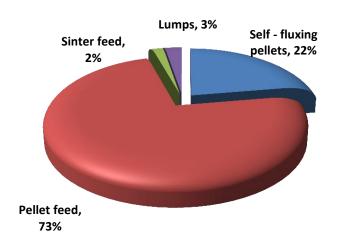
Source: CAP Minería

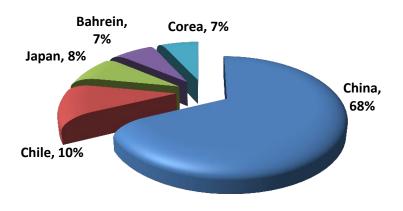
### Mining shipments and markets





**Shipments by markets and products (March 2014)** 

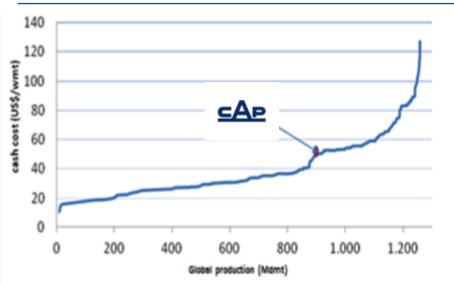




### Cash cost curve

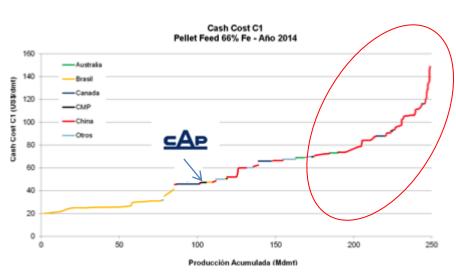


#### **Global production cost**

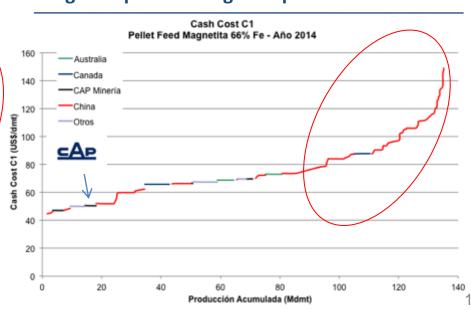


- CAP Mining is a low cost magnetite producer of high grade concentrate
- Mine depletion will lead to higher demand for high grade pellet feed
- Environmental and economic constraints support the increased need for magnetite concentrate

#### Pellet feed global production cost



#### Magnetic pellet feed global production cost



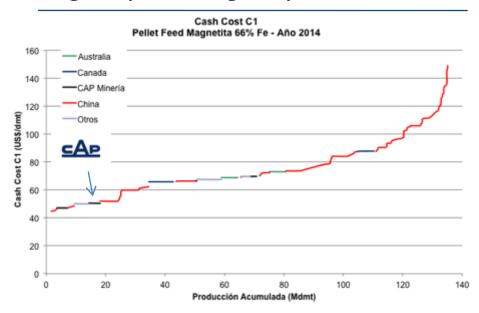
Source: Wood Mackenzie Research

## Magnetite pellet feed production 2013



Country	Market	Production (Mt)
Australia	Seaborne	11
Canada	Seaborne	14
Chile	Seaborne	6
China	Domestic	83
Kazakhstan	Domestic	8
Mauritania	Seaborne	3
Peru	Seaborne	5
USA	Domestic	1
	Total	132

#### Magnetic pellet feed global production cost



Source: CAP Minería

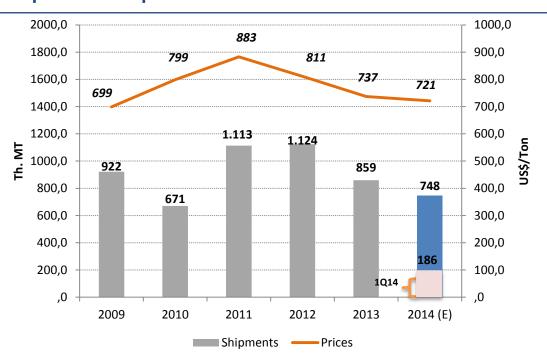


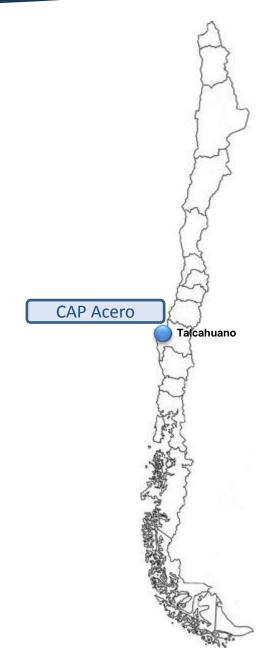
### Steel focus on long products



- Steel business reorganization to produce 700 kt/y, with one blast furnace
- Strong adjustment in its industrial processes and workforce
- Long products demand underpinned by domestic construction and mining sectors

#### **Shipments and prices**

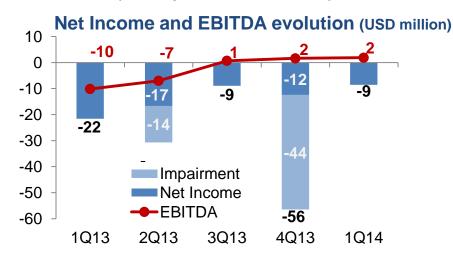




### CAP Acero on the right track



- Positive EBITDA during last three consecutive quarters
  - Focus on cost reduction
    - Organizational structure: increase in productivity; complete revamping of contracted services with focus on performance
    - Reduction of energy consumption & optimization of raw material utilization: minor investments and operational improvements (reuse, reduce, recycle)
    - Optimize logistics, increase inventory rotation
  - Disposal of non-critical assets
  - 30% work force reduction to date
  - Markets
    - Increase share in target markets, through the development and delivery of world-class quality steel
    - Seek new markets for specialty steels, based on proven technical experience







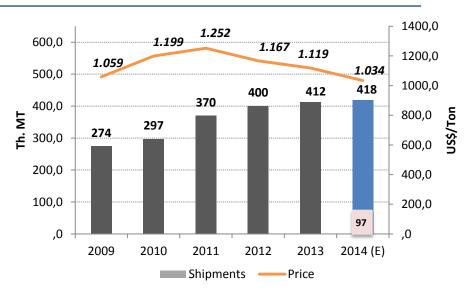
### Steel processing

<u>cAp</u>

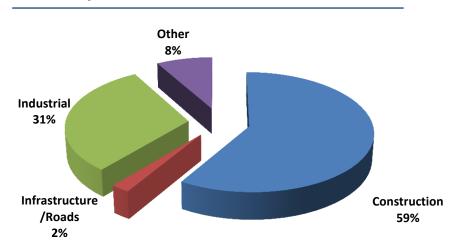
- Main flat steel importer of the Pacific coast of South America
- Creates value-added solutions for the construction, industry and infrastructure sectors in Chile, Peru and Argentina
- Chile is LATAM's most intensive user of steel in construction
- Transition to establish new and competitive supply sources of flat steel



#### **Shipments and prices**



#### Sales by Sector March 2014



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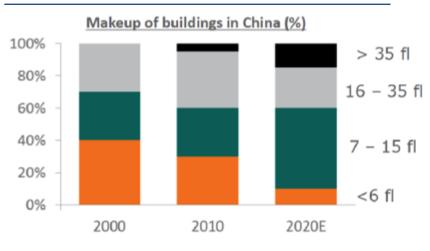
**Future prospects** 

Final remarks

### Demands of the Chinese urbanization and development process **CAP**

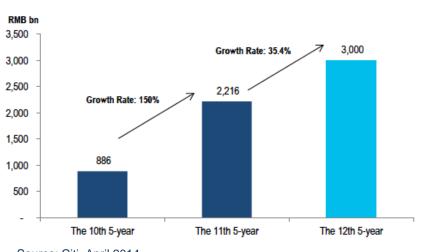


#### Taller buildings...

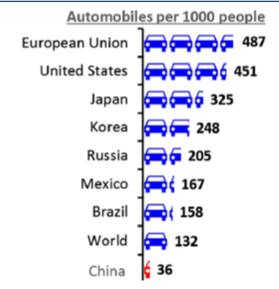


Source: The Economist, McKinsey Global Institute; Vale Market Intelligence

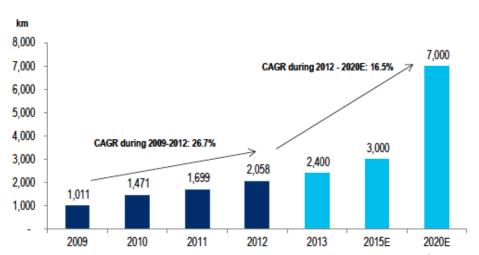
#### **Expressway construction investment**



#### More cars...



#### Urban rail transit construction

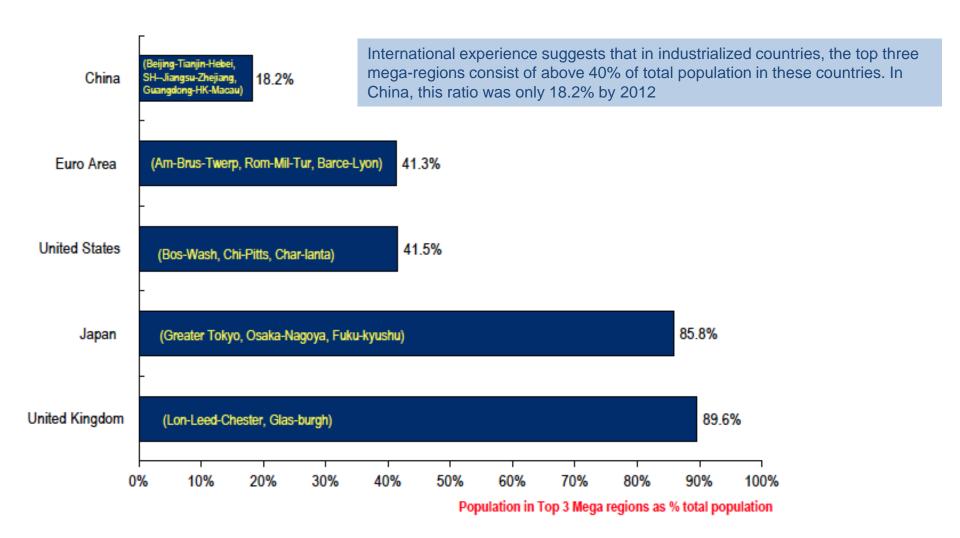


Source: Citi, April 2014 18

### Urbanization process in China will continue



#### Population share in top three mega regions, selected countries

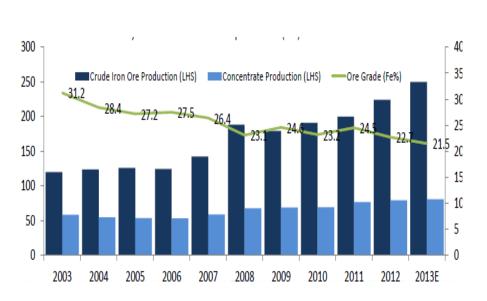


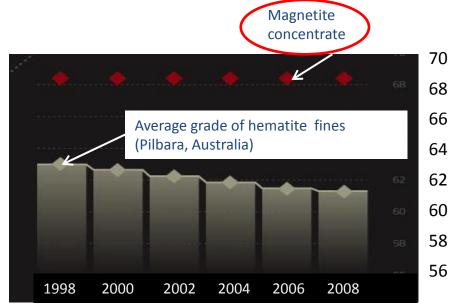
### Iron ore quality evolution



- · Crude iron ore grade is dropping
- Mine depletion will lead to higher demand for high grade concentrates

# Production from key CISA Chinese iron ore producers (Mt)





Source: www.visualcapitalist.com

Source: Hatch, UNCTAD

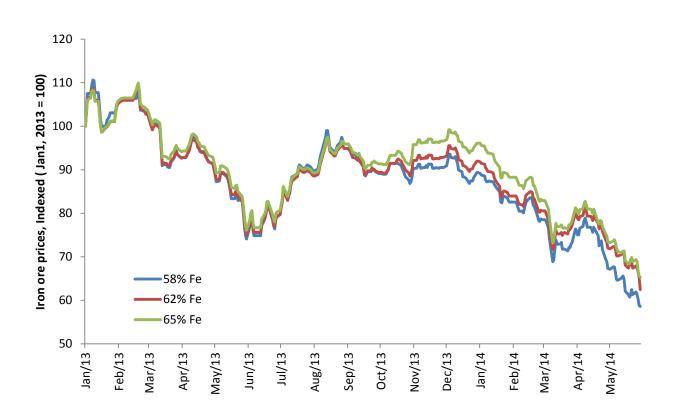
### Preference for higher quality iron ore



21

 The apparent excess of supply of iron ore as of 2Q14 is affecting lower grades to a larger extent than mid-high grades

#### Relative price performance of ores of different grades



Source: Platts

### Cash cost curve

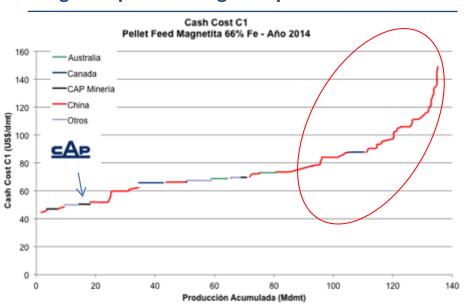


2/3 of world magnetite concentrate is produced by China

#### Pellet feed global production cost

#### Cash Cost C1 Pellet Feed 66% Fe - Año 2014 160 140 Cash Cost C1 (US\$rdmt) 120 --- Otros <u>cAp</u> 80 60 40 0 250 50 100 200 150 Producción Acumulada (Mdmt)

#### Magnetic pellet feed global production cost



Source: Wood Mackenzie Research

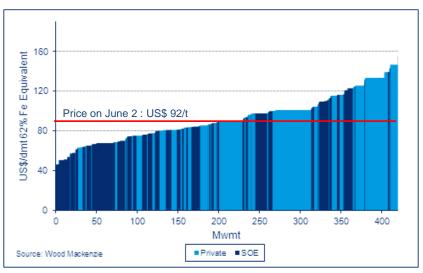
### Iron Ore Production in China



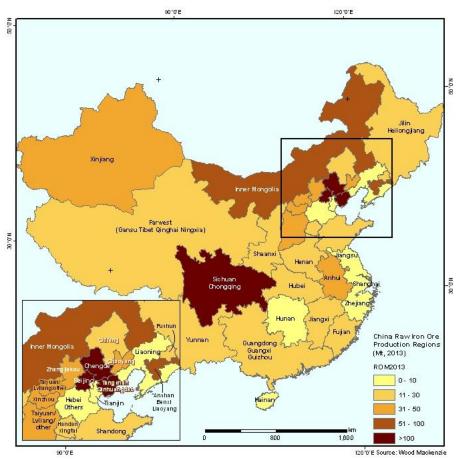
23

- Iron Ore capacity production in China is 420 Mtpy in 2014 (62% Fe equivalent)
  - Average cash cost = USD 92 /dmt
  - Private companies have higher production costs

### 2014 China ex-mine total cash cost curve (USD/dmt 62% Fe equivalent)



#### Geographic segmentation of Chinese iron ore industry



Source: Wood Mackenzie Research

### Profitability for iron ore suppliers



- At today's price :
  - More than 50% of iron ore mines in China are unviable;
  - And so are the vast majority of non-traditional suppliers (such as India, Iran, Malaysia, Indonesia, Philippines, and others), as well as suppliers from Russia, Ukraine, and small miners form Australia.

#### Iron Ore price (62%Fe-China)

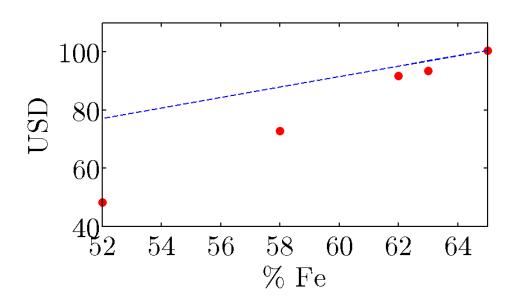


### Preference for higher iron ore grade



#### Premium for higher grades ... but most concentrate producers are struggling ...

	\$/dmt	Midpoint	Change	% Chg
IODEX 62% Fe CFR North China	91.25-92.25	91.75	0.25	0.27
63.5/63% Fe CFR North China	93.00-94.00	93.50	0.25	0.27
65% Fe CFR North China	100.00-101.00	100.50	0.25	0.25
58% Fe low Al CFR North China	75.50-76.50	76.00	0.25	0.33
58% Fe* CFR North China	72.25-73.25	72.75	0.25	0.34
52% Fe CFR North China	47.75-48.75	48.25	0.25	0.52
*AI = 4.0% max  Per 1% Fe differential (Range	40 40 70 70			



## Platts' SBB STEEL MARKETS DAILY (5/30/14):

#### China domestic concs prices follow imports lower

Singapore—Domestic iron ore concentrate prices in northern China's Hebei province continued to decline this week, falling Yuan 10-20/dry mt (\$1.60-3.20/dmt) week on week amid low seaborne prices, sources said Friday.

Platts assessed the domestic price of 66% Fe iron ore concentrate delivered to mills in Hebei's Tangshan city at Yuan 880-890/dmt Friday, compared with Yuan 890-910/dmt on May 23, both including 17% VAT and cash payment.

A large miner in Hebei province said he was forced to lower his offer again this week, by Yuan 30/dmt, following a Yuan 20/dmt decrease on May 20, as low-priced seaborne iron ore pressuring domestic material. "Seaborne iron ore prices were below \$100/dmt most of the time over the week, and to compete, we have to cut prices. But we can't afford to battle against overseas iron ore supplies via pricing in the long run — our costs are much higher," he said.

A second major miner in Hebei said he could give limited discounts to his long-term customers. "I do not want to cut my offers any more [because in] a quiet market, it is pointless. But for those [buyers with] firm inquiries, I am willing to give some discount, though I can only afford to cut another Yuan 10/dmt as I do not have much margin to play with," he said.

### Global steel demand growth



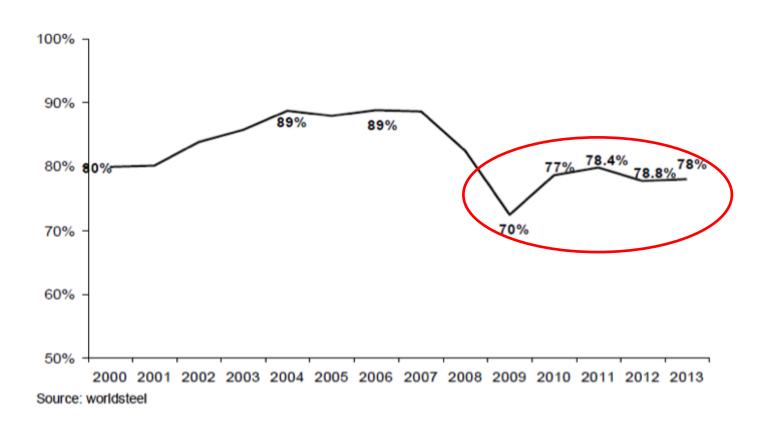
 Global apparent finished steel demand will grow from 1.5 bn tons in 2014 to 1.7 bn tons by 2018 (implied 3% CAGR)



### Global steel capacity utilization



- Nevertheless, world capacity utilization has been below 80% for the last 5 years, thereby practically destroying the margins of the steel production industry
- Most of the excess capacity is concentrated in China. Current efforts to diminish this excess capacity have not yielded significant progress yet. But they may ...
- Annual average for world's crude steel capacity utilization rate was 78% in 2013, down 0,8% over 2012



## Agenda



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Financial performance

**Future prospects** 

Final remarks

### CAP - Financial evolution

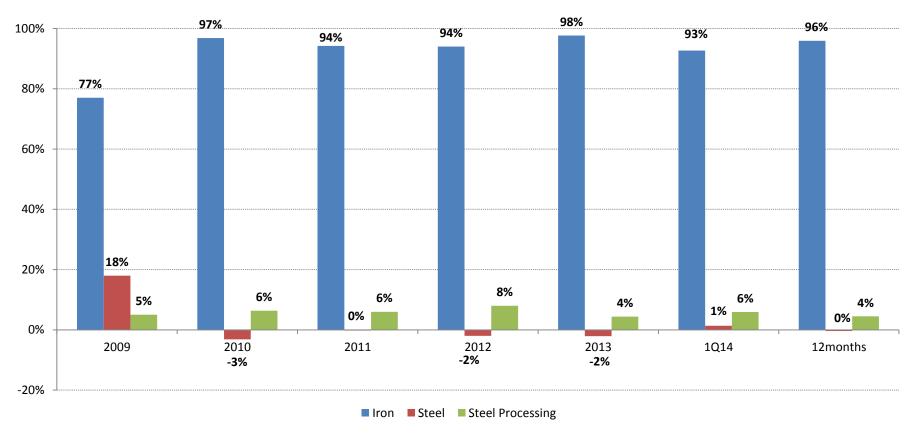


2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	1Q14	12months
1.972	1.375	1.994	2.787	2.470	2.297	488	2.298
534	128	740	1.184	764	708	129	699
27,1%	9,3%	37,1%	42,5%	30,9%	30,8%	26,4%	30,4%
291	25	590	442	234	184 <sup>(</sup>	1) 30	169 <sup>(1</sup>
379	393	981	883	711	309	248	248
880	907	1.001	628	719	932	941	941
501	514	20	-255	8	623	693	693
0,94	4,01	0,03	-0,22	0,01	0,88		0,99
161	142	207	282	777	975	162	889
	1.972 534 27,1% 291 379 880 501 0,94	1.972       1.375         534       128         27,1%       9,3%         291       25         379       393         880       907         501       514         0,94       4,01	1.972       1.375       1.994         534       128       740         27,1%       9,3%       37,1%         291       25       590         379       393       981         880       907       1.001         501       514       20         0,94       4,01       0,03	1.972       1.375       1.994       2.787         534       128       740       1.184         27,1%       9,3%       37,1%       42,5%         291       25       590       442         379       393       981       883         880       907       1.001       628         501       514       20       -255         0,94       4,01       0,03       -0,22	1.972       1.375       1.994       2.787       2.470         534       128       740       1.184       764         27,1%       9,3%       37,1%       42,5%       30,9%         291       25       590       442       234         379       393       981       883       711         880       907       1.001       628       719         501       514       20       -255       8         0,94       4,01       0,03       -0,22       0,01	1.972       1.375       1.994       2.787       2.470       2.297         534       128       740       1.184       764       708         27,1%       9,3%       37,1%       42,5%       30,9%       30,8%         291       25       590       442       234       184         379       393       981       883       711       309         880       907       1.001       628       719       932         501       514       20       -255       8       623         0,94       4,01       0,03       -0,22       0,01       0,88	1.972       1.375       1.994       2.787       2.470       2.297       488         534       128       740       1.184       764       708       129         27,1%       9,3%       37,1%       42,5%       30,9%       30,8%       26,4%         291       25       590       442       234       184(1)       30         379       393       981       883       711       309       248         880       907       1.001       628       719       932       941         501       514       20       -255       8       623       693         0,94       4,01       0,03       -0,22       0,01       0,88

<sup>(1)</sup> Net income includes a MUS\$ 58 expense related to write-off and impairment in the steel business

### EBITDA contribution by business





(1) EBITDA: Gross Margin – S&AE + Depreciation and Amortization + Dividends received in cash, over the last twelve months

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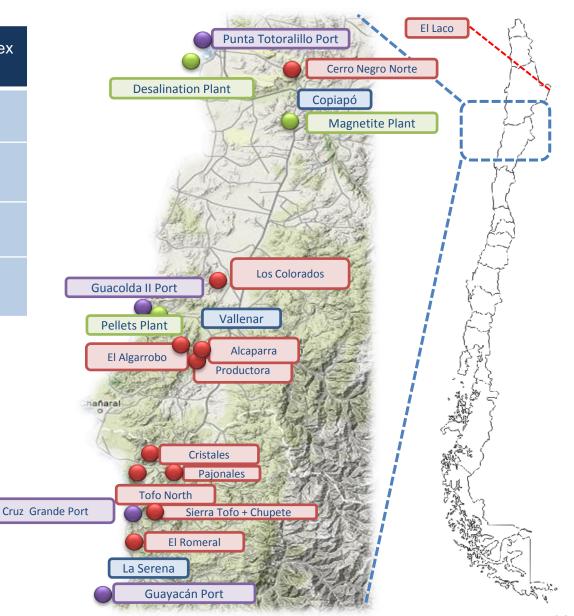
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## Mining future prospects



Project	Production Mt	Est. Capex MUS\$
Magnetite Plant Expansion	1 PF	110
Tofo	6,5 PF 13,5 PF	1,700 2,900
Alcaparra	6 PF 135 Kt Conc-Cu	1,600 300
Los Colorados Expansion	4 SF	500



## El Tofo



Investment (E): 1,700 - 2,900 MUS\$

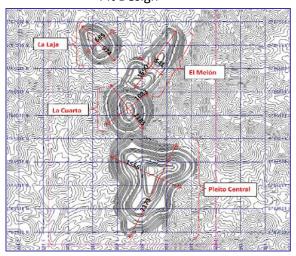
Greenfield

Production: 6.5-13,5 Mt/y of pellet feed

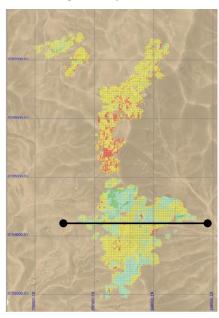
Stage: Conceptual engineering

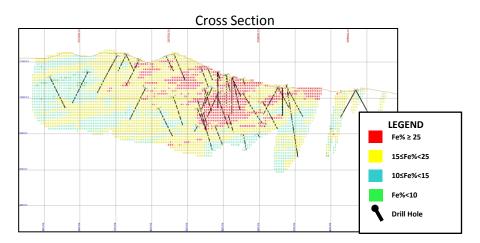
Dagguraga	Volume	Fe	
Resources	[Mt]	[%]	
Measured	946	25.5	
Indicated	455	23.4	
Inferred	190	22.5	
Total	1,591	24.5	

Pit Design



#### **Geological Projection**





### Alcaparra iron/copper



Investment (E): 1,600 + 300 MUS\$

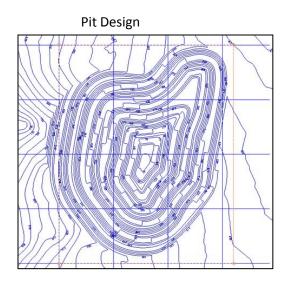
Production: 6 Mt/y of pellet feed

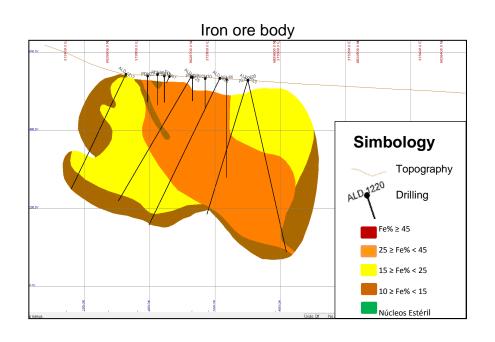
135 kt/y of copper concentrate

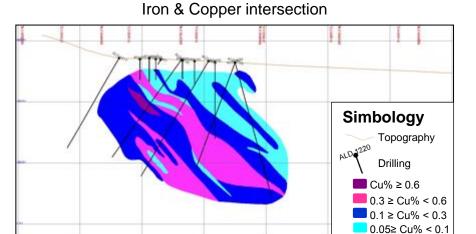
Stage: Advanced exploration

**Exploratory metallurgy** 

Resources	Volume [Mt]	Fe/Cu [%]
Iron	674	24.5
Copper	423	0.26







Cu% < 0.05

# Los Colorados expansion

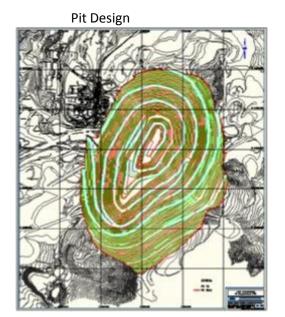


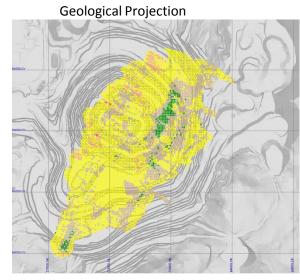
Investment: 500 MUS\$

Brownfield

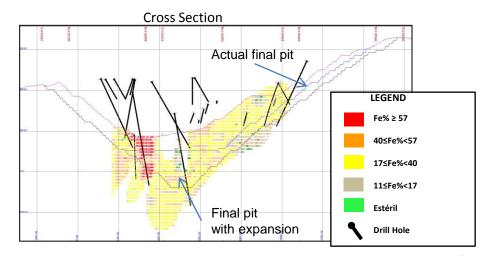
Production: 4 Mt/y of fines

Stage: Basic engineering



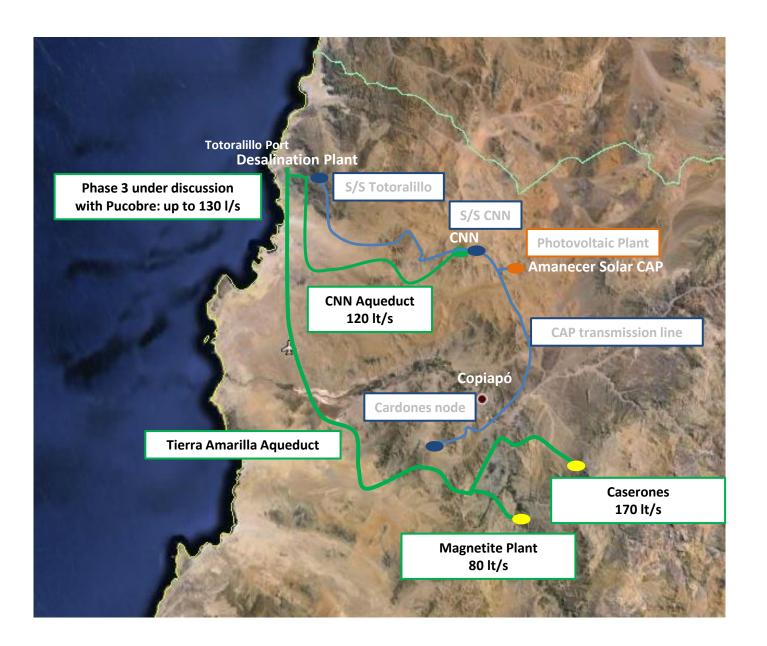


Resources 2012	Volume [Mt]	Fe [%]
Measured	694	31.5
Indicated	343	31.4
Inferred	100	33.9
TOTAL	1,137	31.7



## Sustainable mining operations





# Desalination plant









### **Ports**



#### Total capacity CAP ports: 34.8 Mt/y



#### Punta Totoralillo:

- · 29 km north of Caldera
- · Iron ore shipping
- 200,000 dwt
- Max capacity: 12 million t/y
- Effective utilization: 4.5 million t/y



#### Guayacán:

- Herradura bay, Coquimbo
- Iron ore shipping
- 165,000 dwt
- Max capacity: 6 million t/y
- Effective utilization: 2.7 million t/y



#### Guacolda II:

- Located in Huasco City
- · Iron ore shipping
- 300,000 dwt
- Max capacity: 12 million t/y
- Effective utilization: 7.2 million t/y



#### Huachipato:

- San Vicente bay
- Unloading coal, limestone an iron ore & finished steel shipping
- Max capacity: 2 million t/y
- Effective utilization: 1 million t/y



#### Las Losas:

- Located in Huasco City
- Multi purpose port
- Max capacity: 2 million t/y
- Effective utilization: 0.4 million t/y



#### Guarello:

- · Guarello island, south
- Limestone shipping
- 800 kt/y
- Max capacity: 0.8 million t/y
- Effective utilization: 0.5 million t/y



### Ports- Loading services to third parties



#### **CAP Mining Totoralillo Port**

- Third-party iron ore loading and storage capacity at Totoralillo port is 3 Mt/y
- Loaded tonnages: 2 Mt in 2013 and 2,5 Mt in 2014(E)
  - 1,1 Mt in Jan-Apr 2014
- EBITDA generation: MUS\$20 in 2013 and MUS\$22 in 2014(E)
  - US\$ 8,4 in Jan-Apr 2014
- With the addition of 1 Mt/y of copper loading services under preliminary negotiation, EBITDA could reach MUS\$35 per year (expected by 2017)

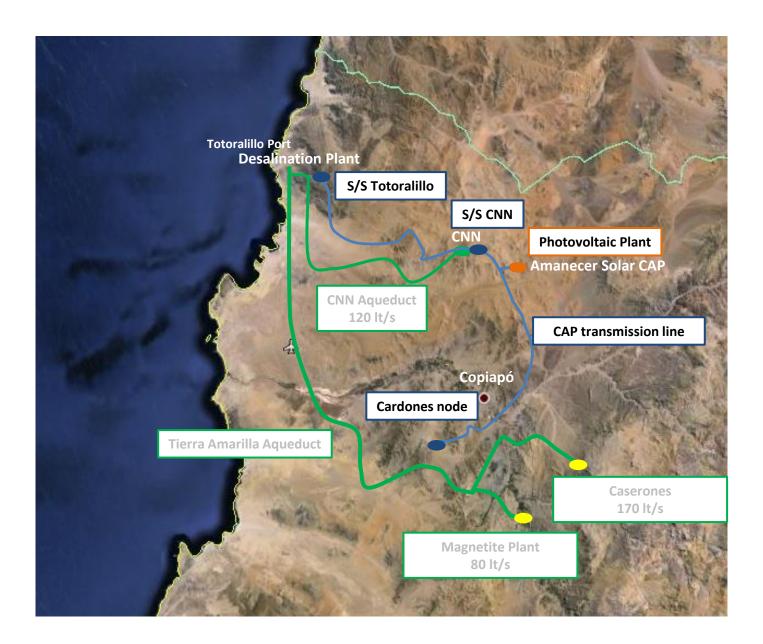
#### **Other CAP Ports**

- Copper storage and loading services in preliminary negotiation stage at Las Losas port, and under study at Guayacan port
- Copper loading services at Guayacán port, and various possibilities for CSH's port under study (expected to be defined by 2014)



# Solar energy





## Solar energy





General view of the "Amanecer Solar CAP" Plant site, as of March 201

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### Summary



#### CAP Mining

- On track for expansion of 50% production capacity to 18 Mt/y
- Ample portfolio of future prospects based on abundant reserves; further expansion to be defined in 2014 (return optimization based on economics, market intelligence and prudent financing)
- Global environmental and economic constraints support the growing need for CAP's magnetite concentrate

#### CAP Steel

- Focus on long steel products that distinguishes from competitors through technology and/or logistics
- Expectation of cash neutrality and profitability in the near term (EBITDA 1T14 = USD 2 million)
- Versatility: possible re-expansion dependent on market conditions

#### CAP Steel Processing

- Already largest flat steel processor in the Pacific coast of South America
- Leader in innovative solutions for industrial and residential construction
- Strong plans for organic and inorganic growth

### Final remarks



- CAP is advancing through sustainable development based on competitive advantages
- Concurrently, cost reduction initiatives and productivity improvements will be at the center of management efforts
  - CAP Mining: operational improvements, capacity increase; ...
  - CAP Steel: organizational structure/inventory/logistics; optimization of raw materials and energy utilization; maximization of semi-finished steel for the given pig iron production; ...
  - CAP Steel Processing: minimization of inventory; reduction of lead time and freight costs; ...





### **CAP GROUP UPDATE**

Fernando Reitich
President & CEO

Raúl Gamonal CFO

Santiago - June 2014